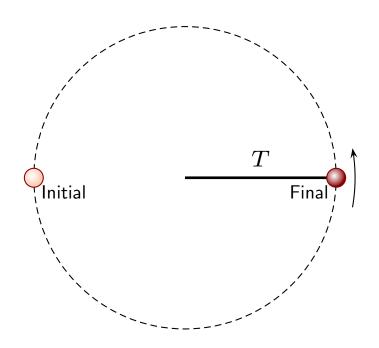
A ball swings in a horizontal circle with a constant speed.



Which of the following is true regarding the work done by the tension as the ball moves from the initial to the final location?

- 1. W = 0.
- 2. W > 0.
- 3. W < 0.

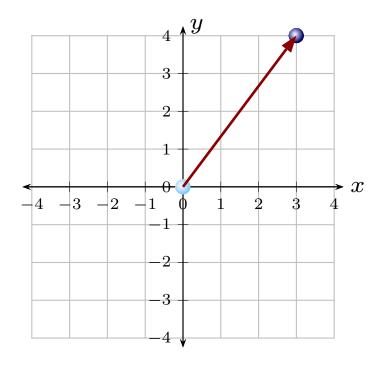
21 October 2024 Phys 131 Fall 2024

Warm Up Question 1

An object slides down a curved track (which stays fixed). Is the work done by the normal force, while it slides zero or not? Explain your answer.

- 1. Zero. In this case the normal force is perpendicular to the motion.
- 2. Zero. There is no vertical motion.
- 3. Not zero. Against motion.
- 4. Not zero. Distance is non-zero.
- 5. Not zero. Force is non-zero.

A ball with mass mmoves along the illustrated straight path (partly horizontal, partly vertical). Grid units are meters.



Which of the following is the work done by gravity?

1.
$$W_{\text{grav}} = 5mg$$

2.
$$W_{\text{grav}} = 4mg$$

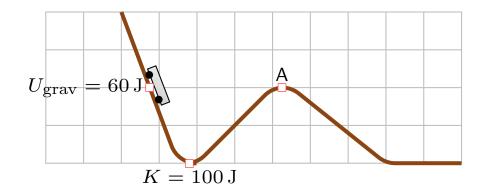
3.
$$W_{\text{grav}} = 3mg$$

4.
$$W_{\rm grav}=-3mg$$

5.
$$W_{\rm grav} = -4mg$$

6.
$$W_{\text{grav}} = -5mg$$

A cart slides along a track as illustrated. The reference y=0 is taken at the lowest point on the track. Various energies are shown at the indicated points.



Which of the following is true regarding the total energy of the cart?

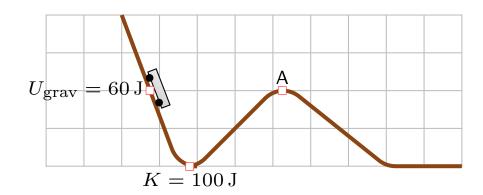
1.
$$E = 40 \,\mathrm{J}$$

2.
$$E = 60 \,\mathrm{J}$$

3.
$$E = 100 \,\mathrm{J}$$

4.
$$E = 160 \,\mathrm{J}$$

A cart slides along a track as illustrated. The reference y=0 is taken at the lowest point on the track. Various energies are shown at the indicated points.



Which of the following is true at point A?

1.
$$U_{grav} = 100 \,\mathrm{J}$$
 $K = 0 \,\mathrm{J}$

2.
$$U_{\text{grav}} = 100 \,\text{J}$$
 $K = 60 \,\text{J}$

3.
$$U_{\text{grav}} = 60 \,\text{J}$$
 $K = 0 \,\text{J}$

4.
$$U_{grav} = 60 \,\mathrm{J}$$
 $K = 40 \,\mathrm{J}$

5.
$$U_{\text{grav}} = 40 \,\text{J}$$
 $K = 60 \,\text{J}$

21 October 2024 Phys 131 Fall 2024

Warm Up Question 2

A dog takes a ride in two different elevators. The first elevator lifts the dog though height $20\,\mathrm{m}$ at a constant speed; this takes $3\,\mathrm{s}$. The second elevator also lifts the the dog though height $20\,\mathrm{m}$ at a constant speed; this takes $9\,\mathrm{s}$. How does the power delivered in lifting the dog for the second elevator compare to that of the first? Explain your answer.

- 1. Second elevator gives 1/3 power. Takes three times as long.
- 2. Same. Force is the same.
- 3. Same. Distance is the same.