A rigid barbell rotates about point O. The distance from O to B is twice that from O to A.



The angular velocity of A is

- 1. the same as that of B.
- 2. half of that of B.
- 3. twice of that of B.
- 4. four times that of B.

A rigid barbell rotates about point O. The distance from O to B is twice that from O to A.



The speed of B (magnitude of the tangential or linear velocity) is

- 1. the same as that of A.
- 2. one quarter of that of A.
- 3. half of that of A.
- 4. twice of that of A.
- 5. four times that of A.

A rigid barbell rotates about point O. The distance from O to B is twice that from O to A.



The magnitude of the acceleration of B is

- 1. the same as that of A and both are zero.
- 2. the same as that of A and both are non-zero.
- 3. half of that of A.
- 4. twice of that of A.
- 5. four times that of A.

A ball attached to a string swings in a horizontal circle.



Suppose that the length of the string is decreased while the tension remains constant. Which of the following is true?

- 1. The angular velocity remains constant.
- 2. The angular velocity increases.
- 3. The angular velocity decreases.