

Exam 3 - In class MondayCovers: Ch 7.1 → 7.5, 8.1, 9, 10Bring: * Calculator - not communicating device

- * Previous two note cards each 3"x5" single side
- One more note card 3"x5" single side.

Study: 2016 Exam 3 all by Q6b

2019 Exam 3 all Q.

* HW, Discussions

* Quizzes

* Number questions in class.

Ch 10 Energy

$$W = Fd \cos \theta \quad W_{\text{net}} = \Delta K \quad K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \quad U_{\text{grav}} = mgy \quad U_{\text{spring}} = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$$

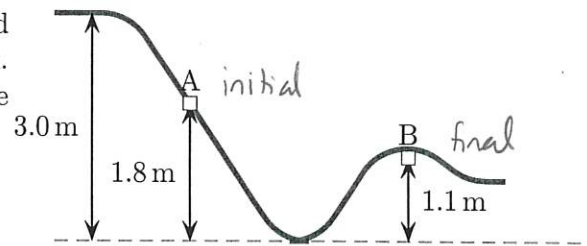
$$E = K + U_{\text{grav}} + U_{\text{spring}} \quad P = \frac{W}{\Delta t} = \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t} \quad \text{Energy conservation } E_f = E_i$$

Quiz 1 70% - 95%

241 Skate park, 2

A skater moves down a ramp at point A with speed 3.0 m/s. The skater slides along the illustrated track. Ignore friction and air resistance. Determine the speed of the skater at point B. (111F2023)

→ state mass 60 kg



Answer: Work done by non-conservative forces is zero. Thus energy is conserved.

$$E_f = E_i$$

$$K_f + U_{\text{grav}f} = K_i + U_{\text{grav}i}$$

$$v_i = 3.0 \text{ m/s} \quad v_f =$$

$$y_i = 1.8 \text{ m} \quad y_f = 1.1 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 + m g y_f = \frac{1}{2} m v_i^2 + m g y_i$$

$$\frac{1}{2} 60 \text{ kg} \times v_f^2 + 60 \text{ kg} \times 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \times 1.1 \text{ m} = \frac{1}{2} 60 \text{ kg} \times (3.0 \text{ m/s})^2 + 60 \text{ kg} \times 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \times 1.8 \text{ m}$$

$$30 \text{ kg} v_f^2 + 647 \text{ J} = 270 \text{ J} + 1058 \text{ J}$$

$$30 \text{ kg} v_f^2 = 1328 \text{ J} - 647 \text{ J}$$

$$= 681 \text{ J}$$

$$v_f^2 = \frac{681 \text{ J}}{30 \text{ kg}} = 22.7 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{22.7 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2} \Rightarrow v_f = 4.8 \text{ m/s}$$

Quiz 2 80% - 100%

Ch 9.2 - 9.5

$$\vec{p} = m\vec{v} \quad \vec{p}_{\text{tot}} = \vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2 + \dots \quad \underline{\text{VECTORS}}$$

No net external force $\Rightarrow \vec{p}_{\text{tot}}$ constant

Quiz 3 60% - 90%

Additional Problems

309 ~~Ball~~ ^{Brick} thrown back and forth

Two people, each mass 70 kg, stand at opposite ends of a small 100 kg cart. The person on the left holds a 10 kg brick. They are all at rest initially. (111F2023)

- The person on the left throws the brick to the person on the right horizontally with speed 8.0 m/s. Determine the speed of the cart after the ~~ball~~ ^{brick} has been launched.
- The person on the right catches the ~~ball~~ ^{brick} and eventually holds it at rest relative to the cart. Determine the speed of the cart after this.

Answer: a) total momentum is conserved



$$V_{\text{brick } i} = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_{\text{cart people } i} = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_{\text{brick } f} = 8.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_{\text{cart people } f} = ?$$

$$p_{\text{tot } f} = p_{\text{tot } i}$$

$$m_b V_{\text{brick } f} + M_{\text{cart people}} V_{\text{cart people } f} = m_b \overset{0}{V_{\text{brick } i}} + M_{\text{cart people}} \overset{0}{V_{\text{cart people } i}}$$

$$= 0 \text{ kg m/s}$$

$$10 \text{ kg} \times 8.0 \text{ m/s} + 240 \text{ kg} V_{\text{cart people } f} = 0 \text{ kg m/s}$$

$$240 \text{ kg} V_{\text{cart people } f} = -80 \text{ kg m/s}$$

$$V_{\text{cart people } f} = \frac{-80 \text{ kg m/s}}{240 \text{ kg}} = -0.33 \text{ m/s}$$

- b) The total momentum is zero. Since all have the same velocity, the velocity will be zero.

Ch 7.1 -> 7.6

$$2\pi \text{ rad} = 1 \text{ rev} = 360^\circ$$

$$\omega = \frac{\Delta\theta}{\Delta t}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\Delta\omega}{\Delta t}$$

$$v = \omega r$$

$$\tau = rF \sin\phi$$

$$\tau_{\text{net}} = I\alpha$$

$$I = m_1 r_1^2 + m_2 r_2^2 + \dots$$


diagram.

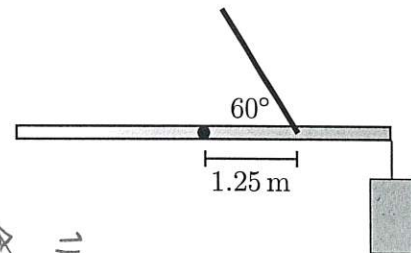
Quiz 4

50% ~> 10%

weight of rod is tricky

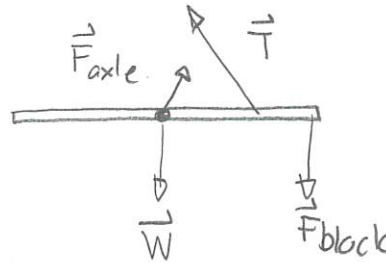
300 Balanced rod, unknown mass

A ~~2.5~~^{5.0} m long rod can pivot about an axle through its midpoint. A block is suspended at the illustrated point. A rope is attached 1.25 m from the midpoint and pulls with tension 80 N at the illustrated angle. The thickness of the rod is negligible. Determine the mass of the suspended block that will keep the rod at rest horizontally. (111F2023)



Answer: $\tau_{net} = 0$

$$\tau = r F \sin \phi$$



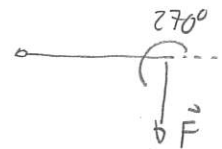
Axle: $r = 0 \Rightarrow \tau_{axle} = 0$

Gravity: $r = 0 \Rightarrow \tau_{grav} = 0$

Block: $\tau_{block} = 2.5 \text{ m} \times M_{block} \times 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \sin 270^\circ$
 $= -24.5 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2 M_{block}$

$$F_{block} = M_{block} g$$

Tension: $\tau_{rope} = 1.25 \text{ m} \times 80 \text{ N} \times \sin 120^\circ$
 $= +87 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$



$$\tau_{net} = 0 \Rightarrow -24.5 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2 M_{block} + 87 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 24.5 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2 M_{block} = 87 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{block} = \frac{87 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}{24.5 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2} \Rightarrow M_{block} = 3.5 \text{ kg}$$