Question 1

A particle in an infinite well can have energies

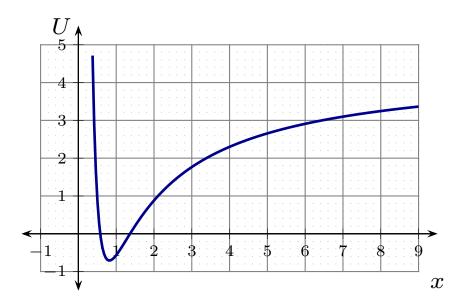
$$E_n = n^2 \frac{\hbar^2 \pi^2}{2mL^2}.$$

Of the following, which transition results in emission of light with the largest wavelength?

- 1. Jump from $2 \rightarrow 1$
- 2. Jump from $3 \rightarrow 1$
- 3. Jump from $3 \rightarrow 2$
- 4. Jump from $4 \rightarrow 1$
- 5. Jump from $4 \rightarrow 2$

Question 2

The potential energy for a particle is as illustrated. The horizontal axis indicates position in meters and the vertical axis energy in Joules.

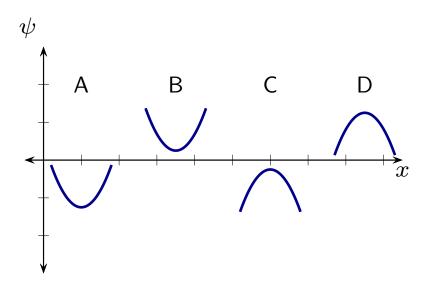


Suppose that the total energy of the particle is $2\,\mathrm{J}$. What are the possible locations of the particle?

- 1. Approx. $0 \text{ m} \leqslant x \leqslant \infty$
- 2. Approx. $0 \, \mathrm{m} \leqslant x \leqslant 0.5 \, \mathrm{m}$
- 3. Approx. $0.5 \,\mathrm{m} \leqslant x \leqslant \infty$
- 4. Approx. $0.5 \,\mathrm{m} \leqslant x \leqslant 3.5 \,\mathrm{m}$
- 5. Approx. $3.5 \,\mathrm{m} \leqslant x \leqslant \infty$

Question 3

A particle is restricted to a region in which E>U. Segments of wavefunctions are illustrated.



Which of these are possible?

- 1. All are possible.
- 2. Only A and B.
- 3. Only C and D.
- 4. Only A and D.
- 5. Only B and C.