

Electromagnetic Theory: Homework 3

Due: 28 August 2020

1 Divergence and curl of a vector field with three components

Let

$$\mathbf{v} = xy\hat{\mathbf{x}} + yz\hat{\mathbf{y}} + xz\hat{\mathbf{z}}.$$

Determine the divergence and curl of \mathbf{v} .

2 Radial vector field

Let

$$\mathbf{v} = \frac{\hat{\mathbf{r}}}{r^n}$$

where $\mathbf{r} = x\hat{\mathbf{x}} + y\hat{\mathbf{y}} + z\hat{\mathbf{z}}$ and n is an integer.

- Sketch this vector field. Use the sketch describe whether you expect $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v}$ to be positive, negative or zero. Use the sketch to describe whether you expect $\nabla \times \mathbf{v}$ to be zero or not.
- Determine $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v}$. For which values of n is this positive, negative or zero? Do the results result agree your predictions? *Hint: first rewrite \mathbf{v} in terms of \mathbf{r} .*
- Determine $\nabla \times \mathbf{v}$. Does the result agree with your prediction?

3 Differentiating products

Consider

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{A} &= x\hat{\mathbf{x}} + y^2\hat{\mathbf{y}} \quad \text{and} \\ \mathbf{B} &= y\hat{\mathbf{x}} - x\hat{\mathbf{y}}.\end{aligned}$$

Show, by direct substitution into either side that

$$\nabla(\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}) = \mathbf{A} \times (\nabla \times \mathbf{B}) + \mathbf{B} \times (\nabla \times \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{B} + (\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{A}.$$

for these vector fields.

4 Gradient and vector fields

Consider the vector fields

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{A} &= x\hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ \mathbf{B} &= y\hat{\mathbf{x}}\end{aligned}$$

- Based on sketches of these vectors fields would you say that either is the gradient of a function? That is, is there some function f so that $\mathbf{A} = \nabla(f)$ and similarly for \mathbf{B} . Explain your answer.
- How could you check precisely if either vector is the gradient of some function?