

Modern Optics: Homework 19

Due: 28 October 2015

1 Bennett, *Principles of Physical Optics*, 5.26, page 234.

2 Bennett, *Principles of Physical Optics*, 5.27, page 234.

3 Waves in a lattice

In a one dimensional lattice (of masses or atoms) the dispersion relation is

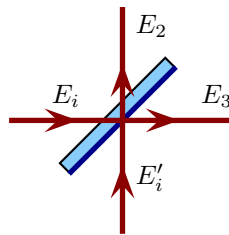
$$\omega(k) = \omega_0 \sin\left(\frac{kl}{2}\right)$$

where l is the spacing between lattice sites and ω_0 is a constant

- Determine an expression for the phase velocity in this lattice.
- As the wavelength of a harmonic wave increases, does the phase velocity increase or decrease?
- Determine an expression for the group velocity in this lattice.

4 Beam Splitter Relations

Consider the illustrated beam splitter, with beams incident from the bottom and left.



Then

$$\begin{aligned} E_2 &= rE_i + t'E'_i \\ E_3 &= tE_i + r'E'_i. \end{aligned}$$

- Using energy conservation, show that setting $E'_i = 0$ requires $|r|^2 + |t|^2 = 1$.
- Using energy conservation, show that setting $E_i = 0$ requires $|r'|^2 + |t'|^2 = 1$.

- c) In general neither of input field is zero. Consider the general case and use energy conservation to show that

$$(tr'^* + rt'^*) E_i E_i'^* + (t^* r' + r^* t') E_i^* E_i' = 0.$$

- d) The only way that these can be true for any input fields is if

$$tr'^* + rt'^* = 0$$

and

$$t^* r' + r^* t' = 0.$$

The latter is just the complex conjugate of the first. Use these to show that

$$\frac{|r|}{|t|} = \frac{|r'|}{|t'|}$$

and use these results to show that

$$\begin{aligned} |r| &= |r'| \\ |t| &= |t'|. \end{aligned}$$

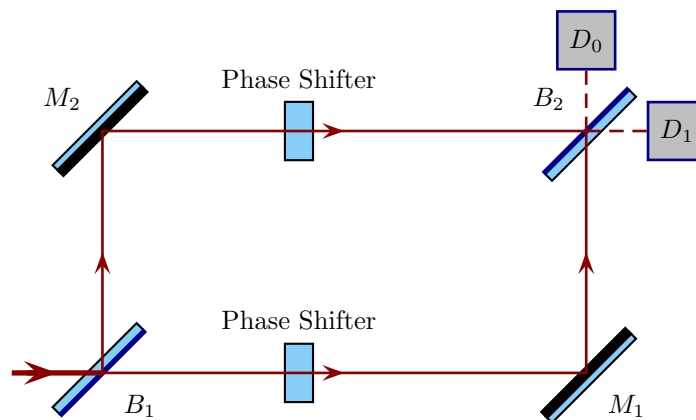
- e) Use the preceding results to show that

$$\phi_t - \phi_r' = \phi_r - \phi_t' \pm \pi.$$

This is a corrected version of the expression in class.

5 Mach-Zehnder Interferometer

Consider the illustrated Mach-Zehnder interferometer with two different phase shifters inserted into the two arms. These generate different phases ϕ_A and ϕ_B along the two paths.



- a) Determine general expressions for the fields at the two detectors in terms of the reflection and transmission coefficients for the beam splitters (do not assume that they are 50-50 beam splitters).
- b) Determine expressions for the intensities at the detectors.
- c) Suppose that the beam splitters are 50-50. Determine expressions for the intensities at the detectors. Show that total energy is conserved.
- d) Suppose that the phase shifters are identical and the path lengths are identical but that the beam splitters are not necessarily 50-50. Determine expressions for the intensities at the detectors. Show that total energy is conserved.