## Question 1

The equation for the charge in an RLC circuit is:

$$L\frac{d^2q}{dt^2} + R\frac{dq}{dt} + \frac{1}{C}q = 0$$

Which of the following is the condition for damped oscillations?

1. Damped oscillations for any  ${\boldsymbol R}$ 

2. 
$$R < 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{LC}}$$
  
3.  $R < 2\sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$   
4.  $R > 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{LC}}$   
5.  $R > 2\sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$ 

## Question 2

The equation for a driven oscillator is

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \omega_0^2 x = \frac{F_0}{m} \cos\left(\omega t\right).$$

Consider the candidate solution

$$x(t) = A\cos\left(\omega t - \delta\right).$$

Which of the following is/are true?

- 1. Any A is possible.
- 2. A must equal  $F_0/m$ .
- 3. A has only one value. This does not depend on  $\omega$  and is not equal to  $F_0/m$ .
- 4. The value of A depends on  $\omega$ .

## **Question 3**

The equation for a driven oscillator is

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \omega_0^2 x = \frac{F_0}{m} \,\cos\left(\omega t\right).$$

Consider the candidate solution

$$x(t) = A\cos\left(\omega't - \delta\right).$$

Which of the following is true?

- 1. This provides a solution for any A and  $\omega'$ .
- 2. This provides a solution for any A but only some values (more than one is possible) of  $\omega'$ .
- 3. This provides a solution only for  $\omega' = \omega$ .